FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

JUNE 30, 2024

# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND ADMINISTRATION**

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Myra Crookshanks Vice-President

Rachel Orosco Secretary

Vacant Director

Vacant Director

Stuart Nickels District Manager

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#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

Board of Directors Exeter District Ambulance

## Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Exeter District Ambulance, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Exeter District Ambulance, as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and state regulations governing special districts.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of the District's pension contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis section that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

M. Sheen and Company WP

Tulare, California February 24, 2025

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

# STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

# **ASSETS**

CURRENT ASSETS:	CURRENT ASSETS: 2024			2023		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	496,507	\$	431,813		
Accounts receivable, net of allowance account		486,742		574,248		
Property taxes accrued		12,488		10,677		
Prepaid expenses		7,693		7,193		
Total current assets		1,003,430		1,023,931		
CAPITAL ASSETS:						
Land		141,820		141,820		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		555,093		396,394		
Total capital assets		696,913		538,214		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		226,954		258,761		

Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ 1,927,297 \$ 1,820,906

(continued)

# STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

# **LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION**

CURRENT LIABILITIES:	2024	2023		
Curren portion of long-term debt	\$ 86,107	\$ 83,250		
Accounts payable	59,954	108,338		
Accrued wages and payroll taxes	86,649	53,106		
Compensated absences payable	44,310	30,090		
Interest payable	3,345	1,796		
Total current liabilities	280,365	276,580		
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:				
Notes payable, net of current portion	203,608	230,257		
Pension liability	408,157	364,830		
Total long-term liabilities	611,765	595,087		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	147,270	270,420		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	1,039,400	1,142,087		
NET POSITION:				
Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt	407,198	224,707		
Unrestricted	480,699	454,112		
Total net position	887,897	678,819		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 1,927,297	\$ 1,820,906		

# STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

OPERATING REVENUES:	ATING REVENUES: 2024		2023	
Service revenues	\$	7,550,218	\$	6,052,747
Contractual write downs	•	(3,765,621)	•	(3,894,515)
Other charges write downs		(525,653)		(82,744)
Bad debt recovery		18,312		28,666
Miscellaneous		20,662		10,232
Total operating revenues		3,297,918		2,114,386
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Salaries, wages, and benefits		1,843,093		1,332,087
Bad debts		788,803		502,654
Bank service charges		436		1,163
Communications		107,673		86,445
Fines and assessments		31,536		9,739
Fuel and oil		63,679		76,368
Insurance		46,762		33,173
Legal and professional		184,223		131,395
Memberships		943		279
Office expense		37,492		23,299
Repairs and maintenance		122,197		92,913
Special district expense		5,826		42,073
Supplies		106,542		56,696
Travel, training and seminars		6,950		5,713
Uniforms		21,516		12,868
Utilities		19,657		21,972
Miscellaneous		11,583		7,204
Depreciation		72,903		45,145
Total operating expenses		3,471,814		2,481,186
Loss from operations		(173,896)		(366,800)

# STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

	2024	2023	
Loss from operations, from previous page	\$ (173,896)	\$ (366,800)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):			
Interest income Property taxes Interest expense Gain on sale of asset GEMT reimbursements	3,045 393,143 (13,214) - -	1,216 363,238 (3,909) 45,744 161,477	
Total nonoperating revenues	382,974	567,766	
Increase in net position	209,078	200,966	
Net position, at beginning of year	678,819	477,853	
Net position, at end of year	\$ 887,897	\$ 678,819	

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	2024	2023
Cash received from customers	\$ 3,346,450	\$ 1,980,190
Other cash receipts	38,974	38,898
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(1,619,175)	(1,391,475)
Cash payments to employees for services	(1,828,873)	(1,043,694)
Net cash used by operating activities	(62,624)	(416,081)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Property taxes received	391,332	370,348
GEMT reimbursements received	· •	161,477
Net cash provided by operating activities	391,332	531,825
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Capital asset acquisitions	(231,602)	(87,424)
Payments on note payables	(23,792)	(3,796)
Cash received from sale of assets	-	60,000
Cash paid for interest	(11,665)	(2,113)
Net cash used by capital and		
related financing activities	(267,059)	(33,333)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Interest income	3,045	1,363_
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	64,694	83,774
Cash and cash equivalents, at beginning of year	431,813	348,039
Cash and cash equivalents, at end of year	\$ 496,507	\$ 431,813

(continued)

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

<b>RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING</b>
LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY

LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY					
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		2024	 2023		
Operating loss	\$	(173,896)	\$ (366,800)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to			,		
net cash used by operating activities:					
Depreciation		72,903	45,145		
(Increase) decrease in:					
Accounts receivable		87,506	(95,298)		
Prepaid expenses		(500)	18,239		
Deferred outflows of resources		31,807	(57,825)		
Increase (decrease) in:			• • •		
Accounts payable		(48,384)	30,051		
Accrued wages and payroll taxes		33,543	21,551		
Accumulated compensated absences		14,220	2,441		
Pension liability		43,327	(57,755)		
Deferred inflows of resources		(123,150)	 44,170		
Net cash used by operating activities	.\$	(62,624)	\$ (416,081)		
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:					
ON ONLY LOW WITH CHAMPATION IN		2024	2023		
Non-cash capital and related financing transactions:					
Capital asset acquistions	.\$	(231,602)	\$ (258,552)		
Financed acquisitions			 171,128		
Cash paid for capital assets	\$	(231,602)	\$ (87,424)		

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

#### NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## **Organization**

Exeter District Ambulance (the District) was organized in May 1977 under provisions of Section 32002.1 of the California Health and Safety Code to provide emergency medical assistance and transportation for the residents within the tax district and the surrounding areas.

#### Reporting Entity

The District's basic financial statements include the accounts of all its operations. The District evaluated whether any other entity should be included in these financial statements. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in its name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District
- exclusion of the organization would render the financial statements incomplete or misleading

Based on these criteria, the District has no component units. Additionally, the District is not a component unit of any other reporting entity as defined by the GASB statements.

#### Fund Accounting

The operations of the District are accounted for in an enterprise fund. An enterprise fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed primarily through user charges.

## **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts of the District and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The accrual basis of accounting is required for enterprise funds and is utilized by the District. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenditures or expenses are recorded when incurred.

## Operating and Nonoperating Revenues

Operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as interest dividends and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

#### **Budgetary Procedures**

The District operates under a budget prepared and approved annually by the Board of Directors. The budget is prepared on a detailed line item basis. Revenues are budgeted by source and expenditures or expenses are budgeted by use (salaries and employee benefits, services and supplies, other charges, fixed asset acquisitions, and contingencies). Once approved, the Board of Directors may amend the adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenue and expenditures or expenses.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

# NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### <u>Pensions</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset/liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. CalPERS audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of these financial statements, the District considers cash in checking, cash in savings, and all other highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less at date of purchase to be cash and cash equivalents.

#### Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The District has provided for an allowance for doubtful accounts consisting of estimated write-offs based on historical experience. This is further adjusted based on review of aged accounts receivable as deemed necessary. The allowance at June 30, 2024 and 2023, was \$644,000 and \$478,000, respectively.

#### Capital Assets

All capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the District's statement of net position. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The estimated useful life for the District's capital assets is as follows:

Office equipment 5 - 8 years Vehicles and equipment 5 - 10 years Buildings and improvements 10 -20 years

#### Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are recognized as a liability of the District at June 30, 2024 and 2023, and are calculated using the employees current pay rate. Employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave; therefore, accumulated employee sick leave benefits are not recognized as a liability of the District but are recorded as expenses in the year sick leave is taken.

#### **Equity Classifications**

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District reports three categories of net position as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

#### NOTE 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Equity Classifications (continued)

Restricted net position – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets. The District did not have any restricted net position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023.

*Unrestricted net position* – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, management applies restricted net position first, unless a determination is made to use unrestricted net position. The District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use and legal requirements. Management typically makes this decision on a transactional basis at the incurrence of the expenditure.

## **Property Taxes**

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. These taxes are levied from July 1 through June 30. Taxes are payable in two installments; November 1 and February 1 and are collected December 10 and April 10. Unsecured taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Tulare bills and collects the taxes for the District.

#### <u>Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflow of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### Income Taxes

The District is a governmental agency and is not subject to income taxes.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures or expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

#### NOTE 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2024 and 2023, consisted of the following:

	 2024	 2023
Cash on hand	\$ 150	\$ 150
Cash in bank	413,526	351,874
Local Agency Investment Fund	 82,831	79,789
Total cash and cash equivalents	 496,507	\$ 431,813

Statutes authorize districts to invest cash in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, certificates of deposit, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, insured money market accounts, commercial paper, county investment pools and the State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Fund.

The District maintains its cash accounts as authorized by the California Government Code (the code) and is further defined by the District's Investment Policy which is reviewed annually by the Board of Directors. District investments are limited to bank or savings and loan association accounts fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution.

The California Government code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to collateralize a district's deposits by pledging government securities. The market value of the pledged securities must equal at least 110 percent of a district's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to collateralize a district's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of a district's total deposits. The district may waive collateral requirements for deposits which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by Federal Deposit Insurance.

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the carrying amounts of the District's cash in Bank of the Sierra (including amounts in checking and money market) were \$413,526 and \$351,874, respectively, and the bank's balances were \$315,396 and \$378,959, respectively. The difference between the bank balances and the carrying amounts represent outstanding checks. The District maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. Cash deposits in excess of federally insured limits at June 30, 2024 and 2023 are \$165,396 and \$128,061, respectively.

The District's cash and cash equivalents in the Local Agency Investment Fund was not subject to credit risk categorization and is carried at cost which approximated fair value. All funds are regulated by the California Government Code.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

#### **NOTE 3 – Capital Assets**

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets:

	Balance July 1, 2023			Balance June 30, 2024	
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 141,820	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 141,820	
Other capital assets:					
Building and improvements	503,125	6,761	-	509,886	
Vehicles and equipment	693,461	211,647	-	905,108	
Office equipment	74,210	13,194	-	87,404	
Grant equipment	5,145	- <del></del>	<del></del>	5,145	
Total other capital assets					
at historical cost	1,275,941	231,602	-	1,507,543	
Accumulated depreciation	(879,547)	(72,903)		(952,450)	
Other capital assets, net	396,394	158,699		555,093	
Capital assets, net	\$ 538,214	\$ 158,699	<u> </u>	\$ 696,913	

# **NOTE 4 - Notes Payable**

# Stryker Monitors

Due to Flex Financial, payable in 26 monthly installments of \$6,024, including interest at 6.21 percent. The first payment was due 12 months from receipt of the monitors beginning August 1, 2023. The debt is secured by the assets.

# <u>Ambulances</u>

Due to Obligator and Tax-Exempt Leasing Corp, payable in 72 monthly installments of \$2,955 including interest at 7.57 percent. The first payment was due in June 2023 and the final payment is due May 2029. The debt is secured by the assets.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

## NOTE 4 - Notes Payable (continued)

Changes in long-term debt are as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2023		Add	itions	rincipal ayments	_	Balance le 30, 2024
Notes from direct borrowings: Stryker Monitors Ambulances	\$	146,175 167,332	\$	- -	\$ 23,792	\$	146,175 143,540
Totals	\$	313,507	\$		\$ 23,792	\$	289,715

Future principal and interest repayment requirements are as follows:

		Srtyker Monitors				Ambulances			
	P	Principal		Interest		Principal	1	nterest	
2025	\$	60,481	\$	5,778	\$	25,626	\$	9,830	
2026		69,410		2,872		27,601		7,855	
2027		16,284		137		29,729		5,727	
2028		-		-		32,021		3,435	
2029						28,563		984	
Totals	\$	146,175	\$	8,787	\$	143,540	\$	27,831	

#### NOTE 5 - Pension Plan

# General Information about the Pension Plan

## Plan Description

Qualified employees are covered under a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan, the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF C), administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. The benefit terms of the CalPERS plan may be amended through legislation and Public Employers' Retirement Law. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website, http://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

#### NOTE 5 - Pension Plan (continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (continued)

#### Benefits Provided

CalPERS – PERF C provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members who must be public employees and beneficiaries. To be eligible for retirement, the member must be at least age 50 and have a minimum of five years of credited service. If you become a member on or after January 1, 2013, you must be at least age 52.

Monthly benefits are based on three factors: service credit, benefit factor, and final compensation. Service credit is based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. The benefit factor, which is a percentage of pay to which the member is entitled for each year of service, is determined by their age at retirement and the retirement formula based on their membership date with each employer.

There is one miscellaneous retirement formula: 2 percent at age 55, with benefit factors ranging from 1.100 percent to 2.500 percent with retirement ages of 50 to 63. If you become a member on or after January 1, 2013, the miscellaneous retirement formula is 2 percent at age 60, with benefit factors ranging from 1.092 percent to 2.418 percent with retirement ages of 50 to 63. Final compensation is the highest average pay rate and special compensation during any consecutive three-year period.

#### **Contributions**

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The CalPERS board retains the authority to amend contribution rates. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' periodic actuarial valuation process or by State statute. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of the employees. The contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of annual payroll. For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, for employees hired prior to January 1, 2013, the active employee contribution rate is 6.92 percent of annual pay, and the employer's contribution rate is 11.84 percent. For employees hired after January 1, 2013, the active employee contribution rate is 7.75 percent of annual pay, and the employer's contribution rate is 7.68 percent. The District entered into an agreement with the District's employees regarding the percentages each party will contribute to CalPERS and PEPRA. The District's contributions to CalPERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, were \$81,444 and \$76,216 respectively.

Pension Assets, Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the District reported net pension liability of \$408,157 and \$364,830 respectively, for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability for the Miscellaneous Plan.

The District's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability is measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, rolled forward to June 30, 2023, using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

# NOTE 5 - Pension Plan (continued)

<u>Pension Assets, Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (continued)

A comparison of the District's proportionate share at measurement date of June 30, 2023, to its proportionate share at measurement date June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Proportionate share at June 30, 2023	0.009360%
Proportionate share at June 30, 2022	0.009650%
•	
Change decrease	-0.000290%

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$91,282 and \$67,930, respectively. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

	20	24	2023		
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	\$ 20,201	\$ -	\$ 2,995	\$ -	
Change of assumptions	28,258	-	46,270	-	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on plan investments	75,780	-	82,711	-	
Changes in proportion and differences between					
District contributions and proportionate					
share of District's contributions	21,571	147,270	50,569	270,420	
District contributions subsequent to					
the measurement date	81,144		76,216	<del></del>	
Totals	\$ 226,954	\$ 147,270	\$ 258,761	\$ 270,420	

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

# NOTE 5 - Pension Plan (continued)

<u>Pension Assets, Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (continued)

\$81,444 and \$76,216 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase to the net pension asset or reduction of the net pension liability in the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. The other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense, as follows:

Year ending June 30,	 et Effect Expense
2025	\$ (36,284)
2026	(29,747)
2027	62,396
2028	2,174
Total	\$ (1,461)

#### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

	Miscellaneous Plan				
Valuation Date	June 30, 2022				
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023				
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method				
Actuarial Assumptions:					
Discount Rate	6.90%				
Inflation	2.30%				
Payroll Growth	2.80%				
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service				
Experience Study	7/1/2000 - 6/30/2019				
Investment Rate of Return	6.90%				
Post-Retirement Benefit Increase	2.00% until Purchasing Power				
•	Protection Allowance Floor on				
	Purchasing Power applies, 2.30% thereafter				

## Mortality Assumptions

CalPERS uses mortality tables developed based on CalPERS specific data for all funds. The mortality table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries 80 percent of scale MP 2020.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

# NOTE 5 - Pension Plan (continued)

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected return for all asset classes are estimated and, combined with risk estimates, are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class.

	Assumed Asset	Long-term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	
Global Equity - Cap-weighted	30.00%	4.54%	
Global Equity - Non-Cap-weighted	12.00%	3.84%	
Private Equity	13.00%	7.28%	
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%	
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.00%	0.50%	
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00%	1.56%	
High Yield	5.00%	2.27%	
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	2.48%	
Private Debt	5.00%	3.57%	
Real Assets	15.00%	3.21%	
Leverage	-5.00%	-0.59%	

# **Discount Rate**

CalPERS' discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

#### NOTE 5 - Pension Plan (continued)

#### Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous Plan
1.00% Decrease	5.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$658,677
Current Discount Rate	6.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$408,157
1.00% Increase	7.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$201,957

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as that used by the plan. Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report on their website.

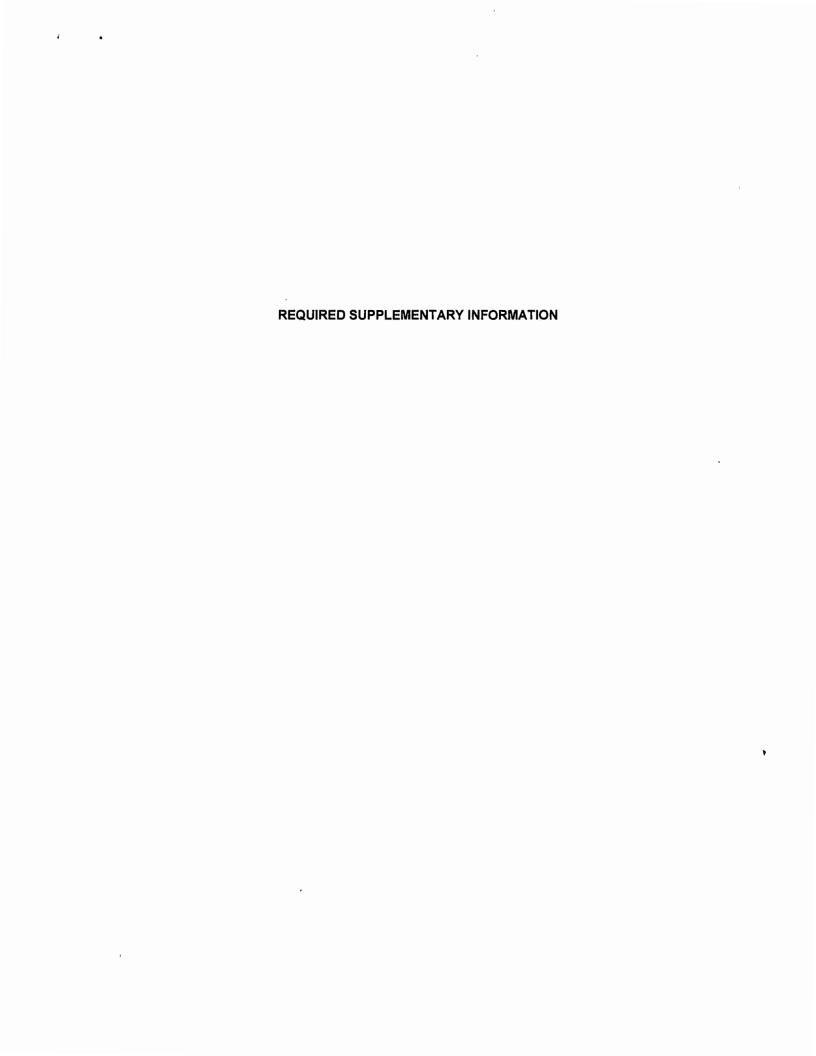
## Summary of Changes of Benefits or Assumptions

There were no changes to benefit terms and plan provisions that applied to members of CalPERS.

## NOTE 6 - Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 24, 2025, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and has determined that no adjustments are necessary to the amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements, however subsequent events occurred, the nature of which is disclosed below.

On September 2024, the District entered into a short-term lease to own agreement with Tax Exempt Leasing Corporation for a Type-2 CE Ambulance for a total cost of \$115,362. As of the date of the final statement, the lease has been paid off.



# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OF CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM – LAST TEN YEARS\*

							Proportionate	
							Share of the	
							Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary
							Liability as	Net Position as
		Proportion	Pro	portionate			a Percentage	a Percentage
		of the Net	Sh	are of the	(	Covered	of Covered	of Total
Fiscal	Measurement	Pension	Ne	t Pension	E	mployee	Employee	Pension
Year End	Date	Liability	Liability		Liability Payroll		Payroll	Liability
June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	0.024396%	\$	602,934	\$	161,635	373.02%	40.03%
June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	0.020757%	\$	569,452	\$	222,410	256.04%	44.71%
June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	0.016935%	\$	588,299	\$	349,591	168.28%	46.95%
June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	0.012398%	\$	488,739	\$	558,692	87.48%	68.89%
June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	0.013402%	\$	505,067	\$	666,506	75.78%	69.64%
June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	0.011919%	\$	477,281	\$	683,703	69.81%	71.89%
June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	0.010686%	\$	450,760	\$	726,489	62.05%	73.23%
June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	0.009390%	\$	422,585	\$	681,038	62.05%	76.85%
June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	0.009650%	\$	364,830	\$	610,004	59.81%	82.07%
June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	0.0093600%	\$	408,157	\$	689,919	59.16%	80.63%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

## Notes to the Schedule:

# Change of Assumptions

					Projected		Investment
Fiscal	Measurement	Discount		Payroll	Salary		Rate of
Year End	Date	Rate	Inflation	Growth	Increase (1)	Experience Study	Return
June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	7.50%	2.75%	3.00%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2011	7.50%
June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	7.65% (	2) 2.75%	3.00%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2011	7.50%
June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	7.65% (	2) 2.75%	3.00%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2011	7.50%
June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	7.15%	2) 2.75%	3.00%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2011	7.50%
June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	7.15% (	2) 2.50%	2.75%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2015	7.50%
June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	7.15% (	2) 2.50%	2.75%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2015	7.15%
June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	7.15% (	2) 2.50%	2.75%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2015	7.15%
June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	7.15% (	2) 2.50%	2.75%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2016	7.15%
June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	6.90% (	2) 2.30%	2.80%	Varies	7/1/2000-6/30/2019	6.90%
June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	6.90% (	2) 2.30%	2.80%	Varies	7/1/2000-6/30/2019	6.90%

<sup>(1)</sup> Varies on entry age and service

<sup>(2)</sup> Exludes reduction of pension plan administrative expenses

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM – LAST TEN YEARS\*

Fiscal Year End	F	tatutorily Required ntribution	in S	ntributions Relation to the tatutorily Required ntribution	Defi	ibution ciency cess)	E	Covered mployee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
June 30, 2015	\$	88,282	\$	88,282	\$	_	\$	161,635	54.618%
June 30, 2016	\$	106,340	\$	106,340	\$	_	\$	222,410	47.813%
June 30, 2017	\$	99,016	\$	99,016	\$	-	\$	349,591	28.323%
June 30, 2018	\$	99,354	\$	99,354	\$	-	\$	558,692	17,783%
June 30, 2019	\$	96,953	\$	96,953	\$	-	\$	666,506	14.546%
June 30, 2020	\$	102,442	\$	102,442	\$	-	\$	683,703	14.983%
June 30, 2021	\$	167,338	\$	167,338	\$	-	\$	726,489	23.034%
June 30, 2022	\$	77,648	\$	77,648	\$	-	\$	681,038	25.906%
June 30, 2023	\$	76,216	\$	76,216	\$	-	\$	610,004	17.790%
June 30, 2024	\$	81,144	\$	81,144	\$	-	\$	689,919	19.520%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

# Notes to the Schedule:

# Change of Assumptions

					Projected		Investment
Fiscal	Measurement	Discount		Payroll	Salary		Rate of
Year End	Date	Rate	Inflation	Growth	Increase (1)	Experience Study	Return
June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	7.50%	2.75%	3.00%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2011	7.50%
June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	7.65% (2	2) 2.75%	3.00%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2011	7.50%
June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	7.65% (2	2) 2.75%	3.00%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2011	7.50%
June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	7.15% (2	2) 2.75%	3.00%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2011	7.50%
June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	7.15% (2	2) 2.50%	2.75%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2015	7.50%
June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	7.15% (2	2) 2.50%	2.75%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2015	7.15%
June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	7.15% (2	2) 2.50%	2.75%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2015	7.15%
June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	7.15% (2	2) 2.50%	2.75%	Varies	7/1/1996-6/30/2016	7.15%
June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	6.90% (2	2) 2.30%	2.80%	Varies	7/1/2000-6/30/2019	6.90%
June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	6.90% (2	2) 2.30%	2.80%	Varies	7/1/2000-6/30/2019	6.90%

<sup>(1)</sup> Varies on entry age and service

<sup>(2)</sup> Exludes reduction of pension plan administrative expenses